

BROAD STREET FARMS

AUBURN, MAINE

PREPARED BY:

CIVIL ENGINEER/SURVEYOR:
 TERRADYN CONSULTANTS, LLC
 41 CAMPUS DR. SUITE 301
 NEW GLOUCESTER, MAINE 04260
 (207) 926-5111

WETLANDS SURVEY/SITE EVALUATOR:
 MARK HAMPTON ASSOCIATES
 P.O. BOX 1391
 PORTLAND, MAINE 04104

APPLICANT/OWNER:

ANDREW HAGERTY
 108 MIDDLE ROAD
 FALMOUTH, MAINE 04105

PROJECT PARCEL SITE

CITY OF AUBURN TAX ASSESSOR'S MAP & LOT NUMBERS
 MAP 171 LOT 4



LOCATION MAP

1" = 400'

SHEET INDEX

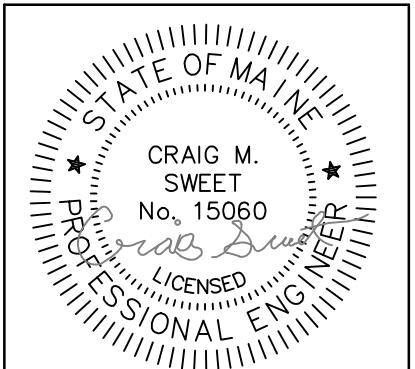
C-0.0	COVER SHEET & LOCATION MAP
S-1.0	BOUNDARY SURVEY
C-1.0	SITE LAYOUT PLAN
C-2.0	GRADING & UTILITY PLAN
C-3.0	EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
C-3.1	SITE DETAILS

LEGEND

EXISTING	DESCRIPTION	PROPOSED
---	LOCUS PROPERTY LINE	---
---	PROPERTY LINE	---
---	INTERIOR PROPERTY LINE	---
---	BUFFER LINE	---
---	SETBACK LINE	---
---	EASEMENT LINE	---
---	CENTER LINE	---
---	ZONE LINE	---
□	MONUMENT	□
○	IRON ROD	○
↑	STREET / SITE SIGN	↑
---	BUILDING	---
---	BUILDING OVERHANG	---
---	BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT	---
---	CURBING	---
---	GRAVEL	---
○	CHAIN LINK FENCE	○
□	STOCKADE FENCE	□
---	STONE WALL	---
---	METAL GUARD RAIL	---
---	WOOD GUARD RAIL	---
---	TREE LINE	---
---	WETLAND AREA	---
---	ROCK OUTCROP	---
+	TEST PIT	+
⊕	MONITORING WELL	⊕
⊕	BORING	⊕
⊕	WELL	⊕
---	MINOR CONTOUR LINE	---
---	MAJOR CONTOUR LINE	---
+	SPOT GRADE	+
SD	STORM DRAIN	SD
UD	UNDER DRAIN	UD
OHU	OVERHEAD UTILITY	OHU
OHE	OVERHEAD ELECTRIC	OHE
UGU	UNDERGROUND UTILITY	UGU
UGE	UNDERGROUND ELECT.	UGE
UGT	UNDERGROUND TEL.	UGT
□	TRANSFORMER	□
○	UTILITY POLE	○
↑	GUY WIRE	↑
---	SILT FENCE	---
---	FILTER BARRIER	---
---	MULCH BERM	---
---	SILT BARRIER	---
---	RIPRAP	---
---	WETLAND ALTERATION AREA	---
---	LIMITED DISTURBANCE BUFFER	---

APPROVED: CIT OF AUBURN
 PLANNING BOARD

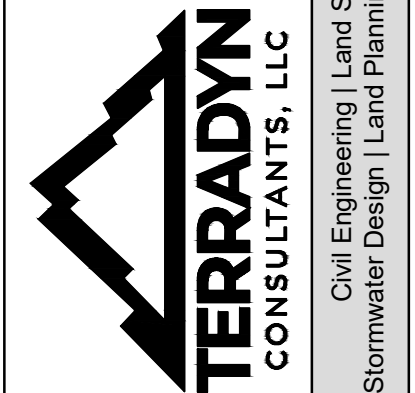
DATE



DATE: 8/5/2024

NO.	DATE	REVISIONS PER CITY STAFF COMMENTS
1	08-05-2024	

ADDRESS: 41 CAMPUS DRIVE, SUITE 301
 NEW GLOUCESTER, ME 04260
 PHONE: (207) 926-5111
 WEB SITE: www.terradynconsultants.com



PERMIT DRAWING
 NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

PROJECT: BROAD STREET FARMS
 AUBURN, MAINE
 SHEET TITLE: COVER SHEET & LOCATION MAP
 CLIENT: ANDREW HAGERTY
 108 MIDDLE ROAD
 FALMOUTH, MAINE 04105

DATE: 7/2/2024
 SCALE: 1"=400'
 JOB NO.: 24-34
 SHEET: C-0.0

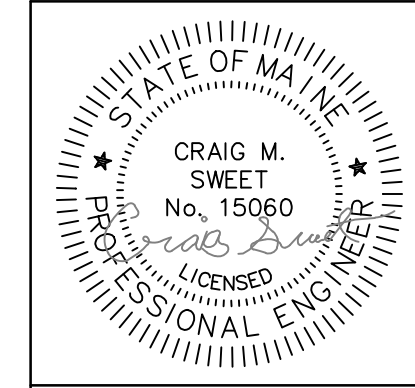
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GENERAL NOTES

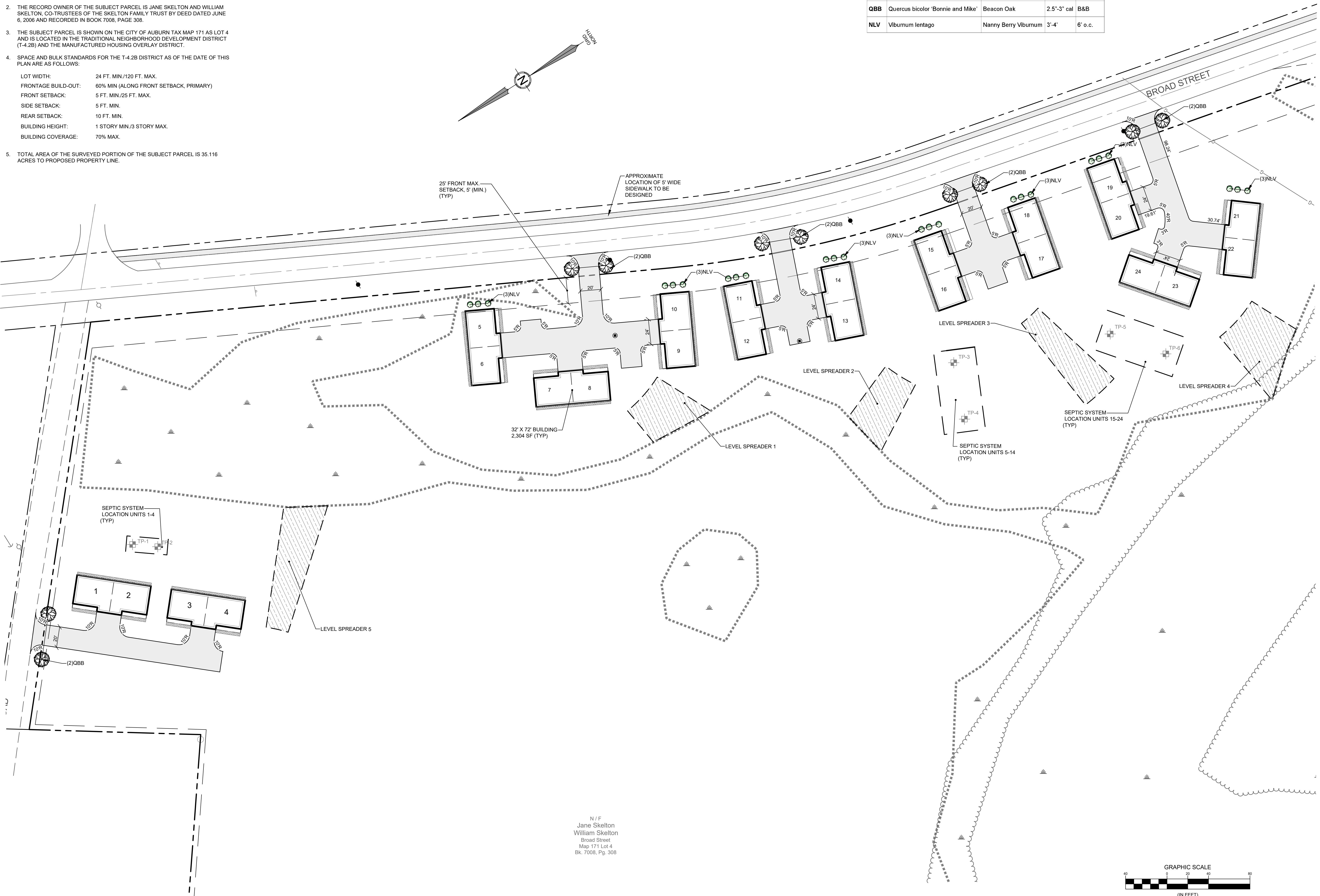
- ALL BOOK AND PAGE NUMBERS REFER TO THE ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY REGISTRY OF DEEDS, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- THE RECORD OWNER OF THE SUBJECT PARCEL IS JANE SKELTON AND WILLIAM SKELTON, CO-TRUSTEES OF THE SKELTON FAMILY TRUST BY DEED DATED JUNE 6, 2006 AND RECORDED IN BOOK 7008, PAGE 308.
- THE SUBJECT PARCEL IS SHOWN ON THE CITY OF AUBURN TAX MAP 171 AS LOT 4 AND IS LOCATED IN THE TRADITIONAL NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT (T-4.2B) AND THE MANUFACTURED HOUSING OVERLAY DISTRICT.
- SPACE AND BULK STANDARDS FOR THE T-4.2B DISTRICT AS OF THE DATE OF THIS PLAN ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 LOT WIDTH: 24 FT. MIN./120 FT. MAX.
 FRONTAGE BUILD-OUT: 60% MIN (ALONG FRONT SETBACK, PRIMARY)
 FRONT SETBACK: 5 FT. MIN./25 FT. MAX.
 SIDE SETBACK: 5 FT. MIN.
 REAR SETBACK: 10 FT. MIN.
 BUILDING HEIGHT: 1 STORY MIN./3 STORY MAX.
 BUILDING COVERAGE: 70% MAX.
- TOTAL AREA OF THE SURVEYED PORTION OF THE SUBJECT PARCEL IS 35.116 ACRES TO PROPOSED PROPERTY LINE.

Plant Species List

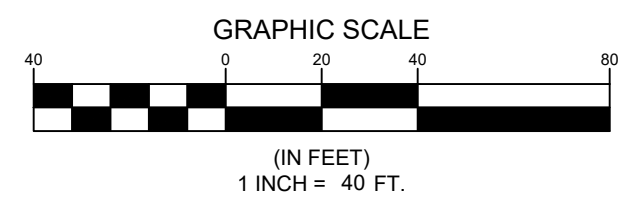
Key	Botanical Name	Common Name	Size	Remarks
QBB	Quercus bicolor 'Bonnie and Mike'	Beacon Oak	2.5"-3" cal	B&B
NLV	Viburnum lentago	Nanny Berry Viburnum	3'-4'	6' o.c.



DATE: 8/5/2024



N / F
 Jane Skelton
 William Skelton
 Broad Street
 Map 171 Lot 4
 Bk. 7008, Pg. 308



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TERRADYN CONSULTANTS, LLC
 Civil Engineering | Land Surveying | Geomatics
 Stormwater Design | Land Planning | Environmental Permitting

PROJECT: BROAD STREET FARMS
 AUBURN, MAINE

SHEET TITLE: SITE LAYOUT PLAN

CLIENT: ANDREW HAGERTY
 108 MIDDLE ROAD
 FALMOUTH, MAINE 04105

DATE: 7/2/2024
 SCALE: 1"=40'
 JOB NO: 24-34
 SHEET: C-1.0

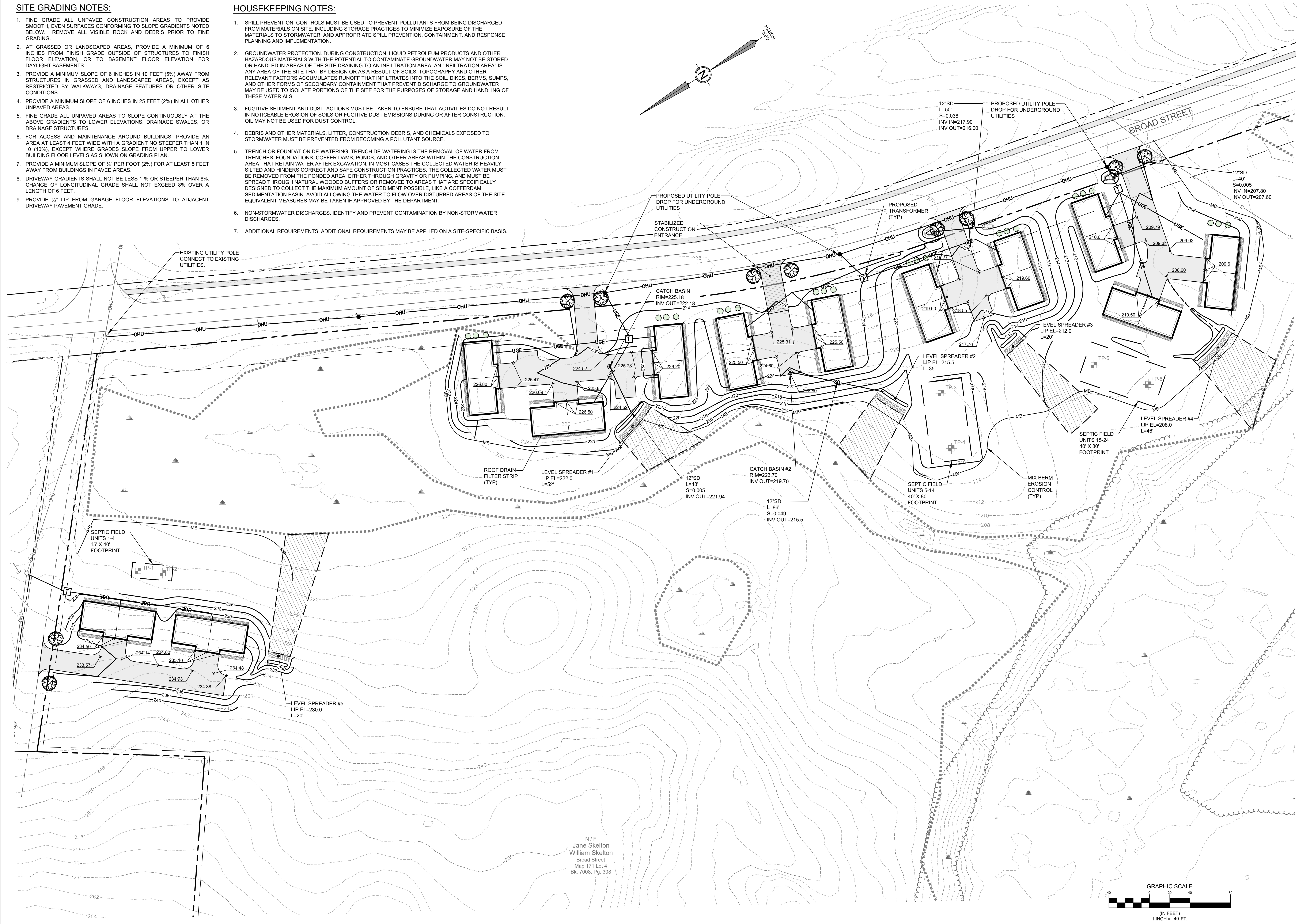
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SITE GRADING NOTES:

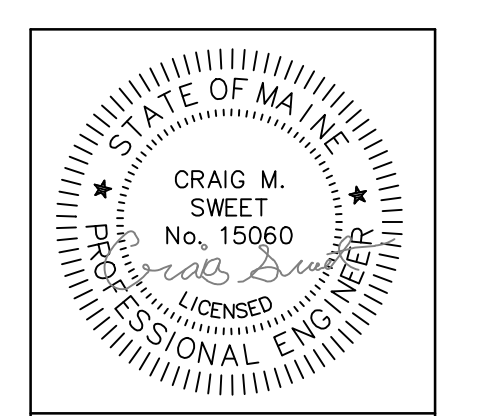
1. FINE GRADE ALL UNPAVED CONSTRUCTION AREAS TO PROVIDE SMOOTH, EVEN SURFACES CONFORMING TO SLOPE GRADIENTS NOTED BELOW. REMOVE ALL VISIBLE ROCK AND DEBRIS PRIOR TO FINE GRADING.
2. AT GRASSED OR LANDSCAPED AREAS, PROVIDE A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES FROM FINISH GRADE OUTSIDE OF STRUCTURES TO FINISH FLOOR ELEVATION, OR TO BASEMENT FLOOR ELEVATION FOR DAYLIGHT BASEMENTS.
3. PROVIDE A MINIMUM SLOPE OF 6 INCHES IN 10 FEET (5%) AWAY FROM STRUCTURES IN GRASSED AND LANDSCAPED AREAS, EXCEPT AS RESTRICTED BY WALKWAYS, DRAINAGE FEATURES OR OTHER SITE CONDITIONS.
4. PROVIDE A MINIMUM SLOPE OF 6 INCHES IN 25 FEET (2%) IN ALL OTHER UNPAVED AREAS.
5. FINE GRADE ALL UNPAVED AREAS TO SLOPE CONTINUOUSLY AT THE ABOVE GRADIENTS TO LOWER ELEVATIONS, DRAINAGE SWALES, OR DRAINAGE STRUCTURES.
6. FOR ACCESS AND MAINTENANCE AROUND BUILDINGS, PROVIDE AN AREA AT LEAST 4 FEET WIDE WITH A GRADIENT NO STEEPER THAN 1 IN 10 (10%), EXCEPT WHERE GRADES SLOPE FROM UPPER TO LOWER BUILDING FLOOR LEVELS AS SHOWN ON GRADING PLAN.
7. PROVIDE A MINIMUM SLOPE OF 1/4" PER FOOT (2%) FOR AT LEAST 5 FEET AWAY FROM BUILDINGS IN PAVED AREAS.
8. DRIVEWAY GRADIENTS SHALL NOT BE LESS 1% OR STEEPER THAN 8%. CHANGE OF LONGITUDINAL GRADE SHALL NOT EXCEED 8% OVER A LENGTH OF 6 FEET.
9. PROVIDE 1/2" LIP FROM GARAGE FLOOR ELEVATIONS TO ADJACENT DRIVEWAY PAVEMENT GRADE.

HOUSEKEEPING NOTES:

1. SPILL PREVENTION CONTROLS MUST BE USED TO PREVENT POLLUTANTS FROM BEING DISCHARGED FROM MATERIALS ON SITE, INCLUDING STORAGE PRACTICES TO MINIMIZE EXPOSURE OF THE MATERIALS TO STORMWATER, AND APPROPRIATE SPILL PREVENTION, CONTAINMENT, AND RESPONSE PLANNING AND IMPLEMENTATION.
2. GROUNDWATER PROTECTION. DURING CONSTRUCTION, LIQUID PETROLEUM PRODUCTS AND OTHER HAZARDOUS MATERIALS WITH THE POTENTIAL TO CONTAMINATE GROUNDWATER MAY NOT BE STORED OR HANDLED IN AREAS OF THE SITE DRAINING TO AN INFILTRATION AREA. AN "INFILTRATION AREA" IS ANY AREA OF THE SITE THAT BY DESIGN OR AS A RESULT OF SOILS, TOPOGRAPHY AND OTHER RELEVANT FACTORS ACCUMULATES RUNOFF THAT INFILTRATES INTO THE SOIL. DIKES, BERMS, SUMPS, AND OTHER FORMS OF SECONDARY CONTAINMENT THAT PREVENT DISCHARGE TO GROUNDWATER MAY BE USED TO ISOLATE PORTIONS OF THE SITE FOR THE PURPOSES OF STORAGE AND HANDLING OF THESE MATERIALS.
3. FUGITIVE SEDIMENT AND DUST. ACTIONS MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT ACTIVITIES DO NOT RESULT IN NOTICEABLE EROSION OF SOILS OR FUGITIVE DUST EMISSIONS DURING OR AFTER CONSTRUCTION. OIL MAY NOT BE USED FOR DUST CONTROL.
4. DEBRIS AND OTHER MATERIALS, LITTER, CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, AND CHEMICALS EXPOSED TO STORMWATER MUST BE PREVENTED FROM BECOMING A POLLUTANT SOURCE.
5. TRENCH OR FOUNDATION DE-WATERING. TRENCH DE-WATERING IS THE REMOVAL OF WATER FROM TRENCHES, FOUNDATIONS, COFFER DAMS, PONDS, AND OTHER AREAS WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION AREA THAT RETAIN WATER AFTER EXCAVATION. IN MOST CASES THE COLLECTED WATER IS HEAVILY SILTED AND HINDERS CORRECT AND SAFE CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES. THE COLLECTED WATER MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE PONDED AREA, EITHER THROUGH GRAVITY OR PUMPING, AND MUST BE SPREAD THROUGH NATURAL WOODED BUFFERS OR REMOVED TO AREAS THAT ARE SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED TO COLLECT THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF SEDIMENT POSSIBLE, LIKE A COFFERDAM SEDIMENTATION BASIN. AVOID ALLOWING THE WATER TO FLOW OVER DISTURBED AREAS OF THE SITE. EQUIVALENT MEASURES MAY BE TAKEN IF APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT.
6. NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES. IDENTIFY AND PREVENT CONTAMINATION BY NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES.
7. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS MAY BE APPLIED ON A SITE-SPECIFIC BASIS.



N / F
Jane Skelton
William Skelton
Broad Street
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PROJECT: BROAD STREET FARMS
SHEET TITLE: GRADING & UTILITY PLAN
CLIENT: ANDREW HAGERTY
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EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN

Pre-Construction Phase
A person who conducts, or causes to be conducted, an activity that involves filling, displacing or exposing soil or other earthen materials shall take measures to prevent unreasonable erosion of soil or sediment beyond the project site or into a protected natural resource as defined in 38 mrsa § 480-b. Erosion control measures must be in place before the activity begins. Measures must remain in place and functional until the site is permanently stabilized. Adequate and timely temporary and permanent stabilization measures must be taken. The site must be maintained to prevent unreasonable erosion and sedimentation. Minimize disturbed areas and protect natural downgradient buffer areas to the extent practicable.

BMP Construction Phase
A. Sediment barriers. Prior to the beginning of any construction, properly install sediment barriers at the edge of any downgradient disturbed area and adjacent to any drainage channels within the proposed disturbed area. Maintain the sediment barriers until the disturbed area is permanently stabilized.

B. Construction entrance. Prior to any clearing or grubbing, a construction entrance shall be constructed at the intersection with the proposed access drive and the existing roadway to avoid tracking of mud, dust and debris from the site.

C. Riprap. Since riprap is used where erosion potential is high, construction must be sequenced so that the riprap is put in place with the minimum delay. Disturbance of areas where riprap is to be placed should be undertaken only when final preparation and placement of the riprap can follow immediately behind the initial disturbance. Where riprap is used for outlet protection, the riprap should be placed before or in conjunction with the construction of the pipe or channel so that it is in place when the pipe or channel begins to operate. Maintain temporary riprap, such as temporary check dams until the disturbed area is permanently stabilized.

D. Temporary stabilization. Stabilize with temporary seeding, mulch, or other non-erodible cover any exposed soils that will remain unworked for more than 14 days except, stabilize areas within 100 feet of a wetland or waterbody within 7 days or prior to a predicted storm event, whichever comes first. If hay or straw mulch is used, the application rate must be 2 bales (70-90 pounds) per 1000 sf or 1.5 to 2 tons (90-100 bales) per acre to cover 75 to 90% of the ground surface. Hay mulch must be kept moist or anchored to prevent blowing. An erosion control blanket or mat shall be used at the base of grassed waterways, steep slopes (15% or greater) and on any disturbed soil within 100 feet of lakes, streams and wetlands. Grading shall be planned so as to minimize the length of time between initial soil exposure and final grading. On large projects this should be accomplished by phasing the operation and completing the first phase up to final grading and seeding before starting the second phase, and so on.

E. Vegetated waterway. Upon final grading, the disturbed areas shall be immediately seeded to permanent vegetation and mulched and will not be used as outlets until a dense, vigorous vegetative cover has been obtained. Once soil is exposed for waterway construction, it should be immediately shaped, graded and stabilized. Vegetated waterways need to be stabilized early during the growing season (prior to september 15). If final seeding of waterways is delayed past september 15, emergency provisions such as sod or riprap may be required to stabilize the channel. Waterways should be fully stabilized prior to directing runoff to them.

Permanent stabilization defined
A. Seeded areas. For seeded areas, permanent stabilization means an 90% cover of the disturbed area with mature, healthy plants with no evidence of washing or rilling of the topsoil.

B. Sodded areas. For sodded areas, permanent stabilization means the complete binding of the sod roots into the underlying soil with no slumping of the sod or die-off.

C. Permanent mulch. For mulched areas, permanent mulching means total coverage of the exposed area with an approved mulch material. Erosion control mix may be used as mulch for permanent stabilization according to the approved application rates and limitations.

D. Riprap. For areas stabilized with riprap, permanent stabilization means that slopes stabilized with riprap have an appropriate backing of a well-graded gravel or approved geotextile to prevent soil movement from behind the riprap. Stone must be sized appropriately. It is recommended that angular stone be used.

E. Agricultural use. For construction projects on land used for agricultural purposes (e.g., pipelines across crop land), permanent stabilization may be accomplished by returning the disturbed land to agricultural use.

F. Paved areas. For paved areas, permanent stabilization means the placement of the compacted gravel subbase is completed.

G. Ditches, channels, and swales. For open channels, permanent stabilization means the channel is stabilized with mature vegetation at least three inches in height, with well-graded riprap, or with another non-erosive lining capable of withstanding the anticipated flow velocities and flow depths without reliance on check dams to slow flow. There must be no evidence of slumping of the lining, undercutting of the banks, or down-cutting of the channel.

General Construction Phase
The following erosion control measures shall be followed by the contractor throughout construction of this project:

A. All topsoil shall be collected, stockpiled, seeded with rye at 3 pounds/1,000 sf and mulched, and reused as required. Silt fencing shall be placed down gradient from the stockpiled loam. Stockpile to be located by designation of the owner and inspecting engineer.

B. The inspecting engineer at his/her discretion, may require additional erosion control measures and/or supplemental vegetative provisions to maintain stability of earthworks and finish graded areas. The contractor shall be responsible for providing and installing any supplemental measures as directed by the inspecting engineer. Failure to comply with the engineer's directions will result in discontinuation of construction activities.

C. Erosion control mesh shall be applied in accordance with the plans over all finish seeded areas as specified on the design plans.

D. All graded or disturbed areas including slopes shall be protected during clearing and construction in accordance with the approved erosion and sediment control plan until they are adequately stabilized.

E. All erosion, and sediment control practices and measures shall be constructed, applied and maintained in accordance with the approved erosion and sediment control plan.

F. Areas to be filled shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil to remove trees, vegetation, roots or other objectionable materials.

G. Areas shall be scarified to a minimum depth of 3 inches prior to placement of topsoil.

H. All fills shall be compacted as required to reduce erosion, slippage, settlement, subsidence or other related problems. Fill intended to support buildings, structures and conduits, etc., shall be compacted in accordance with local requirements or codes.

I. All fills shall be placed and compacted in layers not to exceed 8 inches in thickness.

J. Except for approved landfills or non-structural fills, fill material shall be free of brush, rubbish, rocks, logs, stumps, building debris and other objectionable materials that would interfere with or prevent construction of satisfactory lifts.

K. Frozen material or soft, mucky or highly compressible materials shall not be incorporated into fill slopes or structural fills.

L. Fill shall not be placed on a frozen foundation.

M. Seeps or springs encountered during construction shall be handled appropriately.

N. All graded areas shall be permanently stabilized immediately following finished grading.

O. Remove any temporary control measures, such as silt fence, within 30 days after permanent stabilization is attained. Remove any accumulated sediments and stabilize.

Permanent vegetation
Permanent vegetative cover should be established on disturbed areas where permanent, long lived vegetative cover is needed to stabilize the soil, to reduce damages from sediment and runoff, and to enhance the environment.

Seedbed preparation
A. Grade as feasible to permit the use of conventional equipment for seedbed preparation, seeding, mulch application and anchoring, and maintenance.

B. Apply limestone and fertilizer according to soil tests such as those offered by the university of maine soil testing laboratory. Soil sample mailers are available from the local cooperative extension service office. If soil testing is not feasible on small or variable sites, or where timing is critical, fertilizer may be applied at the rate of 800 pounds per acre or 18.4 pounds per 1,000 square feet using 10-20-20 (n-p2o5-k2o) or equivalent. Apply ground limestone (equivalent to 50% calcium plus magnesium oxide) at a rate of 3 tons per acre (138 lb. Per 1,000 sq. Ft).

C. Work lime and fertilizer into the soil as nearly as practical to a depth of 4 inches with a disc, spring tooth harrow or other suitable equipment. The final harrowing operation should be on the general contour. Continue tillage until a reasonably uniform, fine seedbed is prepared. All but clay or silty soils and coarse sands should be rolled to firm the seedbed wherever feasible. D. Remove from the surface all stones 2 inches or larger in any dimension. Remove all other debris, such as wire, cable, tree roots, concrete, clods, lumps or other unsuitable material.

E. Inspect seedbed just before seeding. If traffic has left the soil compacted, the area must be tilled and firmed as above.

F. Permanent seeding should be made 45 days prior to the first killing frost or as a dormant seeding with mulch after the first killing frost and before snowfall. When crown vetch is seeded in later summer, at least 35% of the seed should be hard seed (uncarified). If seeding cannot be done within the seeding dates, mulch according to the temporary mulching bmp and overwinter stabilization and construction to protect the site and delay seeding until the next recommended seeding period.

G. Following seed bed preparation, swale areas, fill areas and back slopes shall be seeded at a rate of 3 lbs./1,000 s.F. With a mixture of 35% creeping red h. Fescue, 6% red top, 24% kentucky bluegrass, 10% perennial ryegrass, 20% annual ryegrass and 5% white dutch clover.

I. Areas which have been temporarily or permanently seeded shall be mulched immediately following seeding.

J. Areas which cannot be seeded within the growing season shall be mulched for over-winter protection and the area should be seeded at the beginning of the growing season.

Winter construction phase
If an area is not stabilized with temporary or permanent measures by november 15, then the site must be protected with additional stabilization measures.

A. Permanent stabilization consists of at least 90% vegetation, pavement/gravel base or riprap.

B. Do not expose slopes or leave slopes exposed over the winter or for any other extended time of work suspension unless fully protected with mulch.

C. Apply hay mulch at twice the standard rate (150 lbs. Per 1,000 sf). The mulch must be thick enough such that the ground surface will not be visible and must be anchored.

D. Use mulch and mulch netting or an erosion control mulch blanket or all slopes greater than 8 % or other areas exposed to direct wind.

E. Install an erosion control blanket in all drainageways (bottom and sides) with a slope greater than 3 %.

F. See the vegetation measures for more information on seeding dates and types.

G. Winter excavation and earthwork shall be completed so that no more than 1 acre of the site is without stabilization at any one time.

H. An area within 100 feet of a protected natural resource must be protected with a double row of sediment barrier.

I. Temporary mulch must be applied within 7 days of soil exposure or prior to any storm event, but after every workday in areas within 100 feet from a protected natural resource.

J. Areas that have been brought to final grade must be permanently mulched that same day.

K. If snowfall is greater than 1 inch (fresh or cumulative), the snow shall be removed from the areas due to be seeded and mulched.

L. Loam shall be free of frozen clumps before it is applied.

M. All vegetated ditch lines that have not been stabilized by november 1, or will be worked during the winter construction period, must be stabilized with an appropriate stone lining backed by an appropriate gravel bed or geotextile unless specifically released from this standard by the department.

Maintenance and inspection phase
A. Contractor shall inspect disturbed and impervious areas, and erosion and stormwater control measures, areas used for storage that are exposed to precipitation, and locations where vehicles enter or exit the parcel at least once a week and before and after a storm event, prior to completion of permanent stabilization. A person with knowledge of erosion and stormwater must conduct the inspection. This person must be identified in the inspection log. If best management practices (bmps) need to be modified or if additional bmps are necessary, implementation must be completed within 7 calendar days and prior to any storm event (rainfall). All measures must be maintained in effective operating condition until areas are permanently stabilized.

B. A log (report) must be kept summarizing the scope of the inspection, name(s) and qualifications of the personnel making the inspection, the date(s) of the inspection, and major observations relating to operation of erosion and sedimentation controls and pollution prevention measures. Major observations must include: bmps that need to be maintained; location(s) of bmps that failed to operate as designed or proved inadequate for a particular location; and location(s) where additional bmps are needed that did not exist at the time of inspection. Follow-up to correct deficiencies or enhance controls must also be indicated in the log and dated, including what action was taken and when.

General Construction Phase
The following erosion control measures shall be followed by the contractor throughout construction of this project:

A. All topsoil shall be collected, stockpiled, seeded with rye at 3 pounds/1,000 sf and mulched, and reused as required. Silt fencing shall be placed down gradient from the stockpiled loam. Stockpile to be located by designation of the owner and inspecting engineer.

B. The inspecting engineer at his/her discretion, may require additional erosion control measures and/or supplemental vegetative provisions to maintain stability of earthworks and finish graded areas. The contractor shall be responsible for providing and installing any supplemental measures as directed by the inspecting engineer. Failure to comply with the engineer's directions will result in discontinuation of construction activities.

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G. Areas shall be scarified to a minimum depth of 3 inches prior to placement of topsoil.

H. All fills shall be compacted as required to reduce erosion, slippage, settlement, subsidence or other related problems. Fill intended to support buildings, structures and conduits, etc., shall be compacted in accordance with local requirements or codes.

I. All fills shall be placed and compacted in layers not to exceed 8 inches in thickness.

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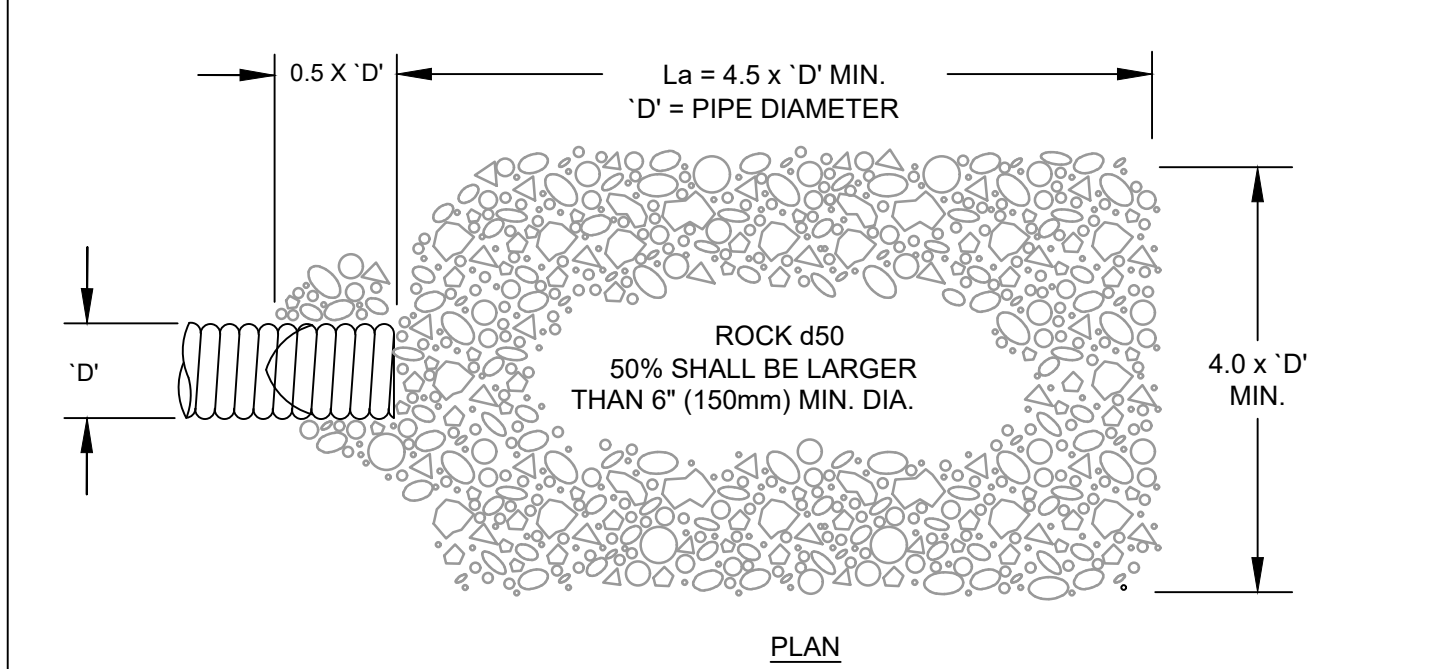
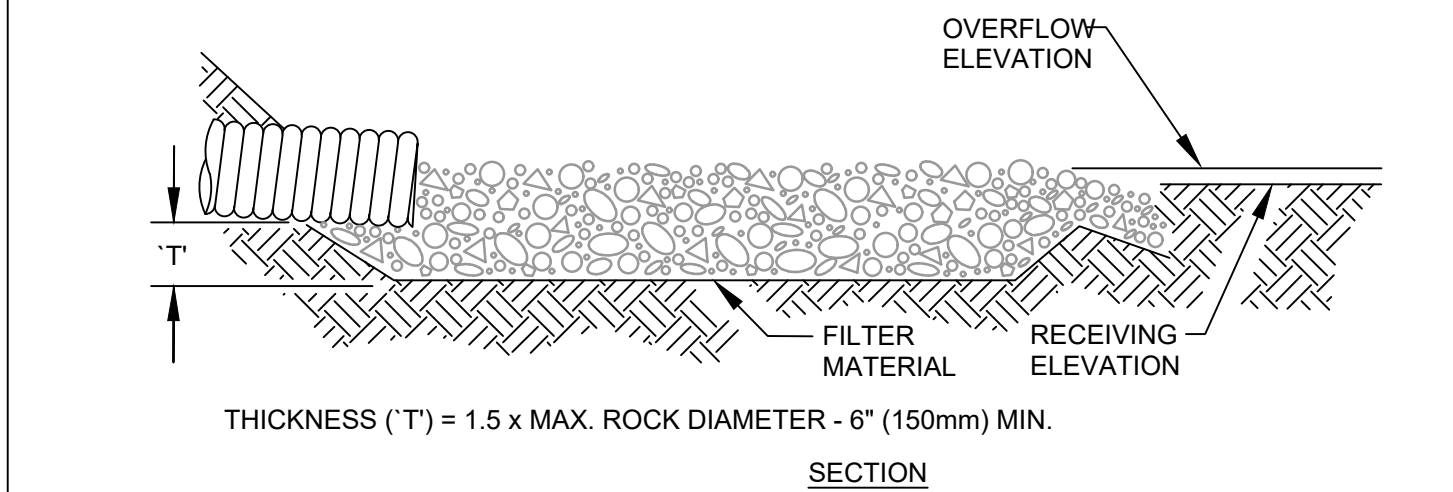
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A. Grade as feasible to permit the use of conventional equipment for seedbed preparation, seeding, mulch application and anchoring, and maintenance.

B. Apply limestone and fertilizer according to soil tests such as those offered by the university of maine soil testing laboratory. Soil sample mailers are available from the local cooperative extension service office. If soil testing is not feasible on small or variable sites, or where timing is critical, fertilizer may be applied at the rate of 800 pounds per acre or 18.4 pounds per 1,000 square feet using 10-20-20 (n-p2o5-k2o) or equivalent. Apply ground limestone (equivalent to 50% calcium plus magnesium oxide) at a rate of 3 tons per acre (138 lb. Per 1,000 sq. Ft).

C. Work lime and fertilizer into the soil as nearly as practical to a depth of 4 inches with a disc, spring tooth harrow or other suitable equipment. The final harrowing operation should be on the general contour. Continue tillage until a reasonably uniform, fine seedbed is prepared. All but clay or silty soils and coarse sands should be rolled to firm the seedbed wherever feasible. D. Remove from the surface all stones 2 inches or larger in any dimension. Remove all other debris, such as wire, cable, tree roots, concrete, clods, lumps or other unsuitable material.

E. Inspect seedbed just before seeding. If traffic has left the soil compacted, the area must be tilled and firmed as above.

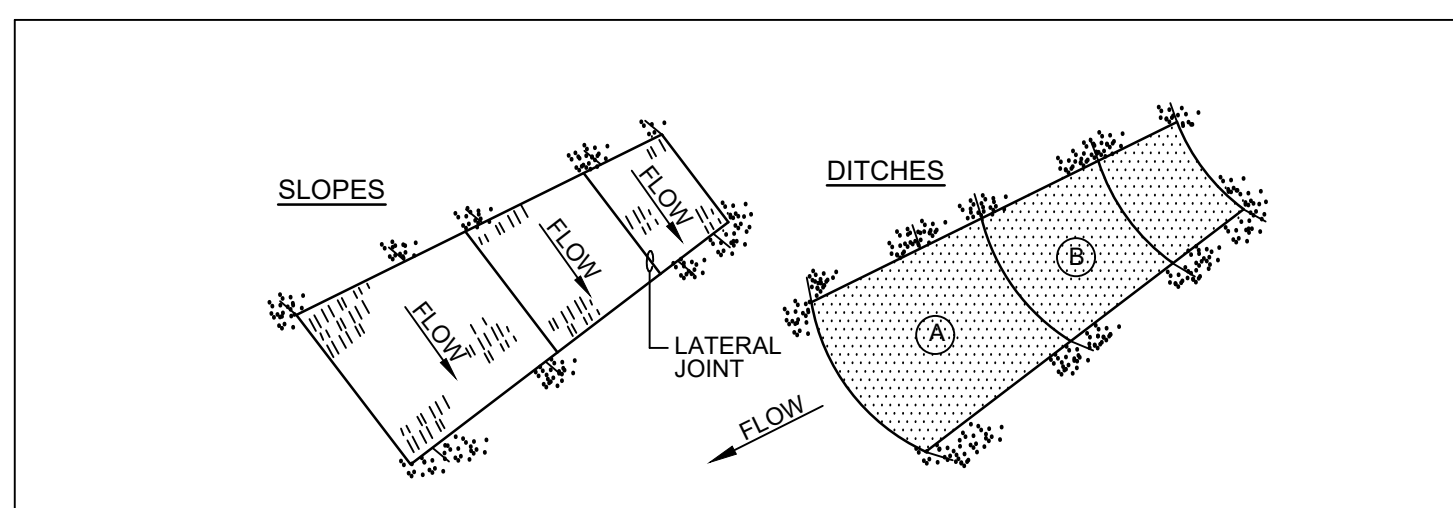
F. Permanent seeding should be made 45 days prior to the first killing frost or as a dormant seeding with mulch after the first killing frost and before snowfall. When crown vetch is seeded in later summer, at least 35% of the seed should be hard seed (uncarified). If seeding cannot be done within the seeding dates, mulch according to the temporary mulching bmp and overwinter stabilization and construction to protect the site and delay seeding until the next recommended seeding period.



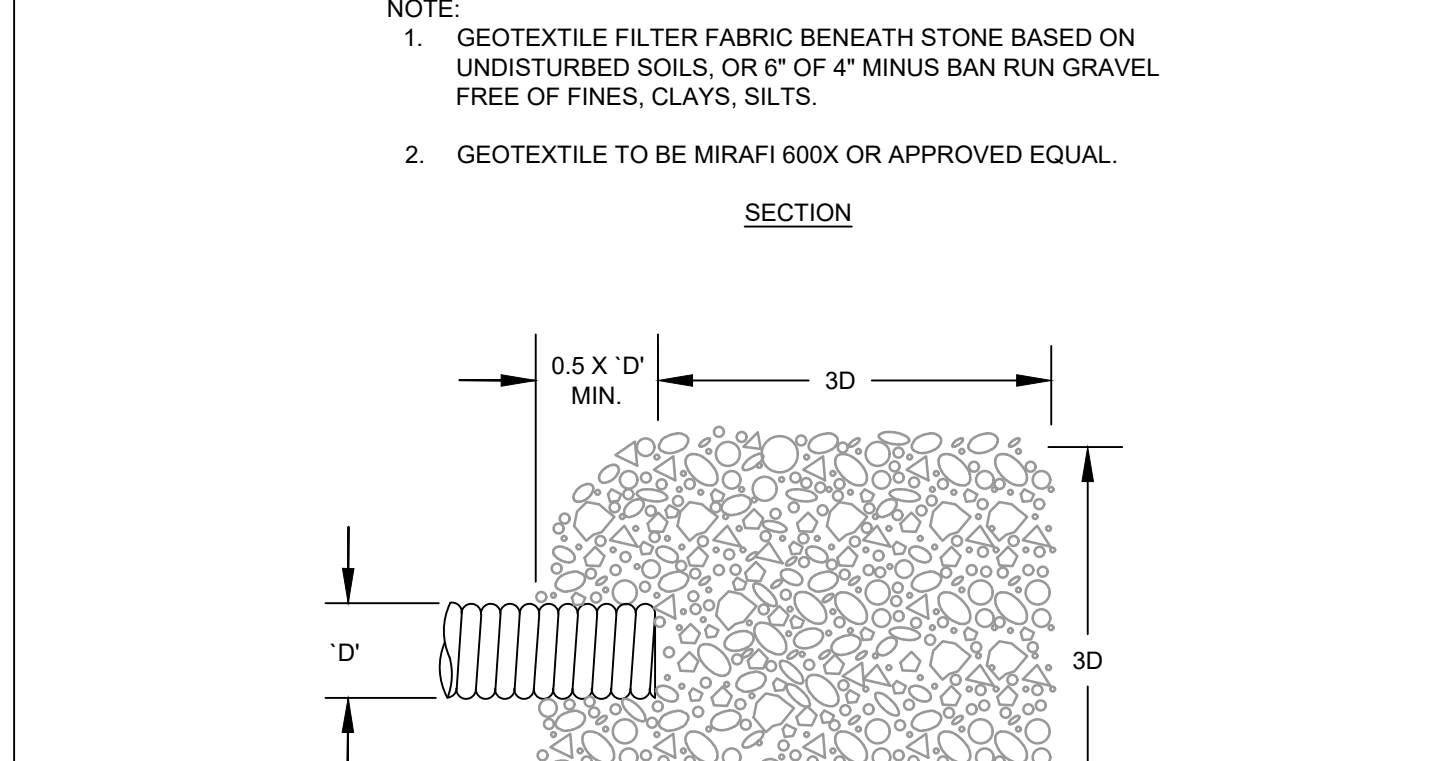
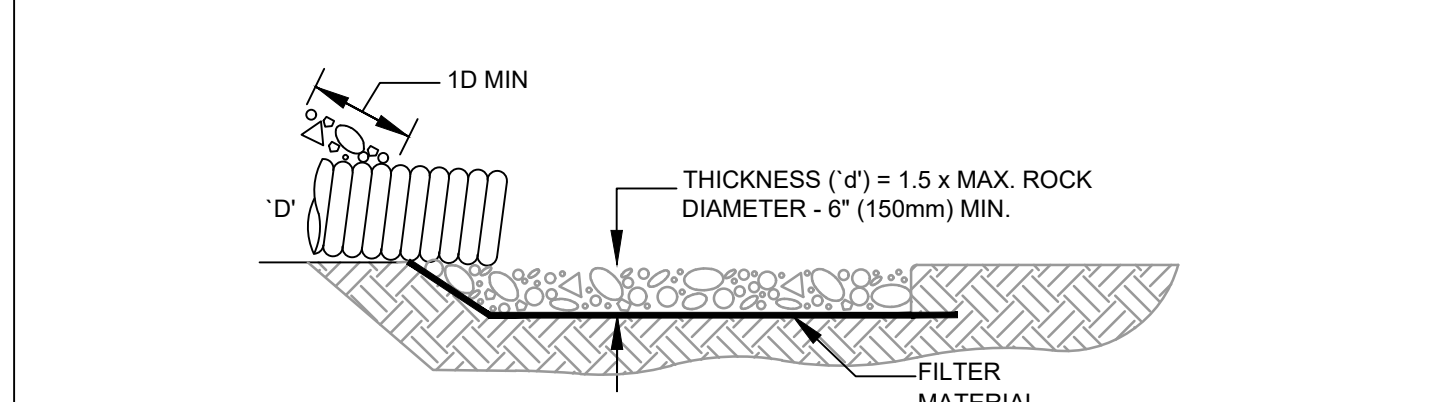
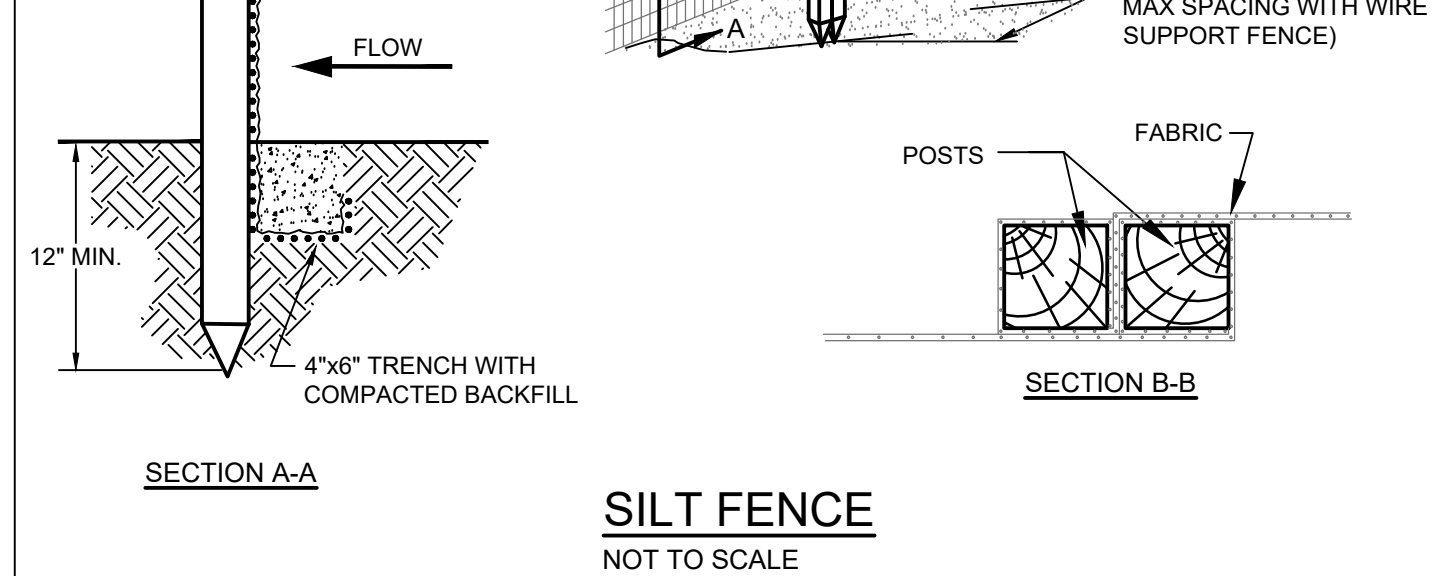
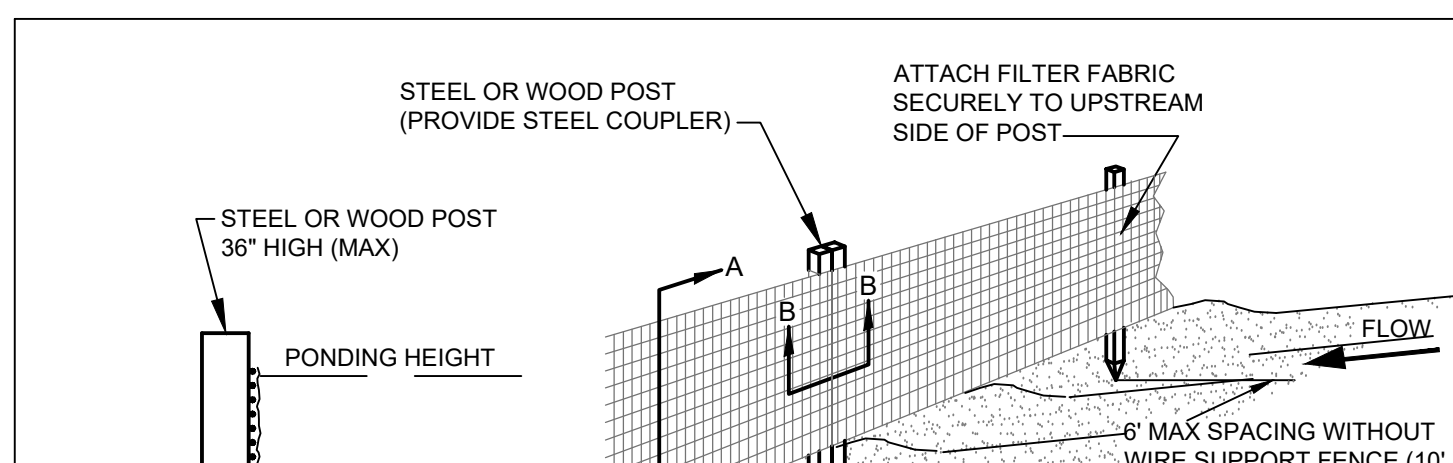
PIPE OUTLET PROTECTION SIZING TABLE

PIPE SIZE (IN)	LENGTH (FT)	WIDTH (FT)
6	2.5	2.0
12	5.0	4.0
15	6.25	5.0
18	7.5	6.0
24	10.0	8.0
30	13.0	10.0
36	15.0	12.0
42	17.5	14.0
48	20.0	16.0
60	25.0	20.0

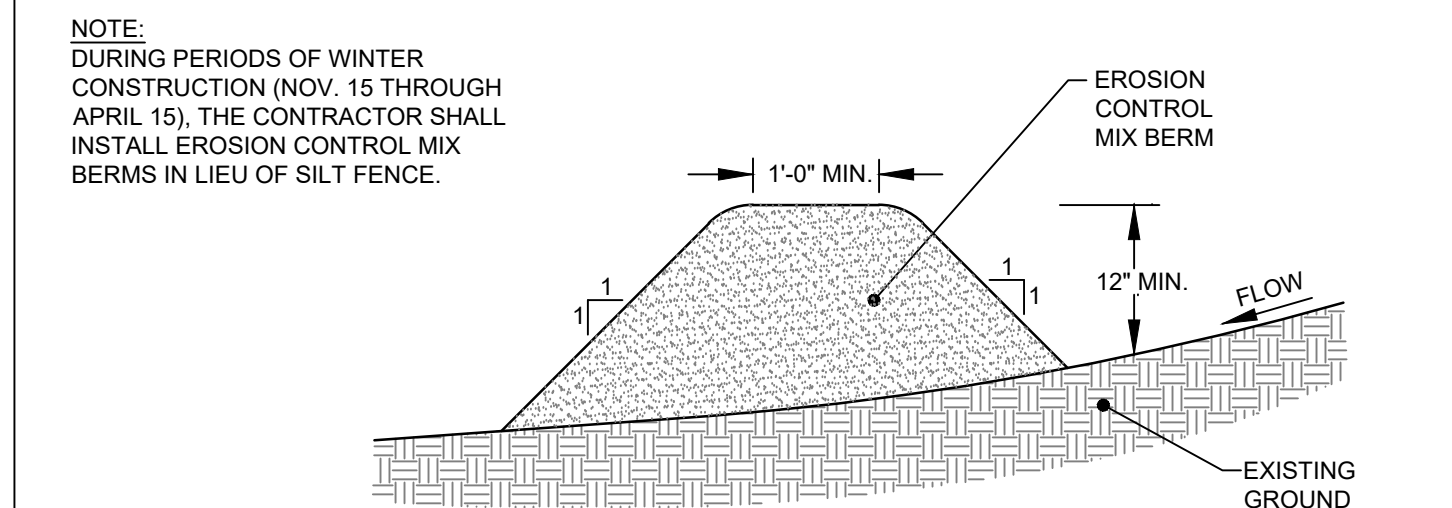
- NOTES:**
- 'La' = LENGTH OF APRON. DISTANCE 'La' SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO DISSIPATE ENERGY.
 - APRON SHALL BE SET AT A ZERO GRADE AND ALIGNED STRAIGHT.
 - FILTER MATERIAL SHALL BE FILTER FABRIC (MIRAFI 600X OR APPROVED EQUAL) OR 6" (150mm) THICK MINIMUM GRADED GRAVEL LAYER.



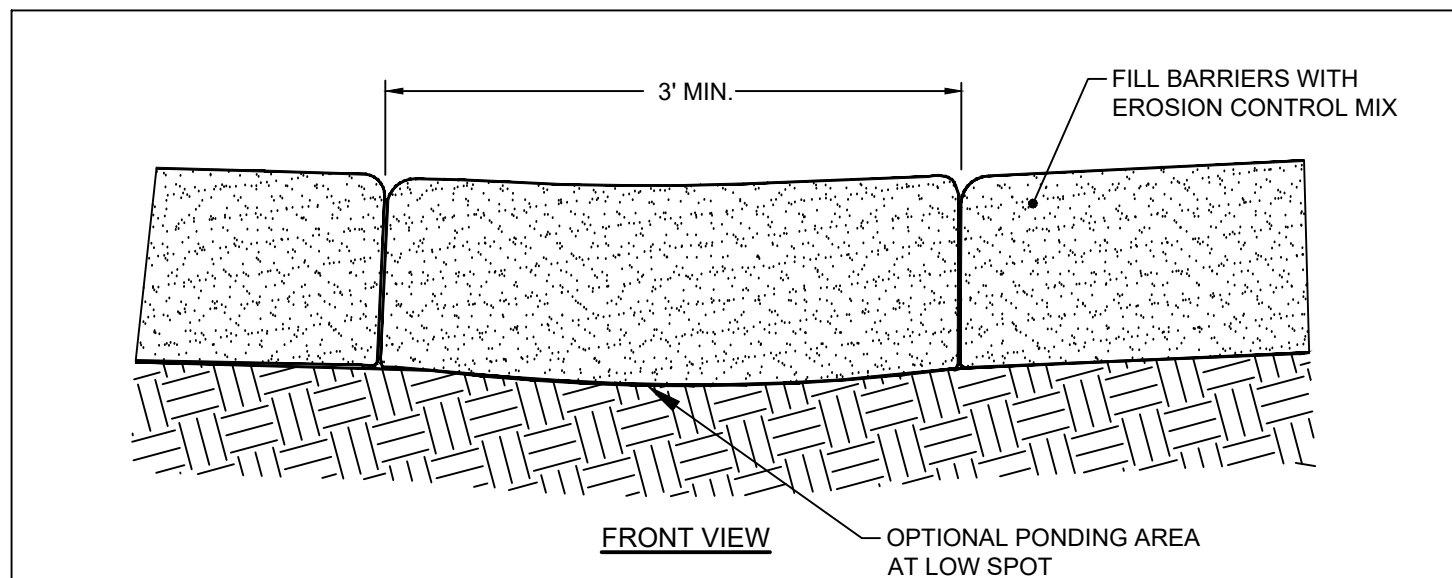
- NOTES:**
- BURY THE TOP END OF THE MESH MATERIAL IN A 6" TRENCH AND BACKFILL AND TAMP TRENCHING SECURE END WITH STAPLES AT 6" SPACING, 4" DOWN FROM EXPOSED END.
 - FLOW DIRECTION JOINTS TO HAVE UPPER END OF LOWER STRIP BURIED WITH UPPER LAYERS OVERLAPPED 4" AND STAPLED. OVERLAP B OVER A.
 - LATERAL JOINTS TO HAVE 4" OVERLAP OF STRIPS. STAPLE 18" ON CENTER.
 - STAPLE OUTSIDE LATERAL EDGE 2" ON CENTER.
 - WIRE STAPLES TO BE MIN. OF #11 WIRE, 6" LONG & 1-1/2" WIDE.
 - USE NORTH AMERICAN GREEN DS 150 (OR APPROVED EQUAL) ON SLOPES BETWEEN 4:1-2:1. USE NORTH AMERICAN GREEN VMAX SC250 PERMANENT TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT (OR APPROVED EQUAL) ON SLOPES 2:1 AND STEEPER..



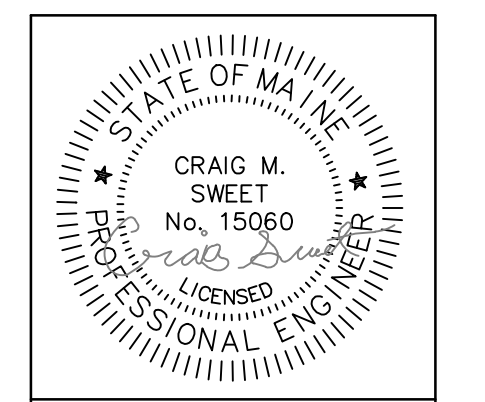
- NOTES:**
- IN DEFINED CHANNELS, APRON SHALL EXTEND FULL WIDTH OF BOTTOM AND ONE FOOT ABOVE MAX. HEADWATER OR UP TO BANK FULL, WHICHEVER IS LESS.



- EROSION CONTROL MIX:**
EROSION CONTROL MIX SHALL CONTAIN A WELL-GRADED MIXTURE OF PARTICLE SIZES & MAY CONTAIN ROCKS LESS THAN 4" IN DIAMETER. EROSION CONTROL MIX MUST BE FREE OF REFUSE, PHYSICAL CONTAMINANTS, AND MATERIAL TOXIC TO PLANT GROWTH. THE MIX COMPOSITION SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS:
- THE ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT SHALL BE BETWEEN 80% - 100% DRY WEIGHT BASIS
 - PARTICLE SIZE BY WEIGHT SHALL BE 100% PASSING A 6" SCREEN AND A MINIMUM OF 70% MAXIMUM OF 85% PASSING A 0.75" SCREEN
 - THE ORGANIC PORTION NEEDS TO BE FIBROUS AND ELONGATED
 - LARGE PORTIONS OF SILTS, CLAYS OR FINE SANDS ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE IN THE MIX.
 - SOLUBLE SALTS CONTENT SHALL BE < 4.0 mmhos/cm.
 - ph SHALL FALL BETWEEN 5.0 - 8.0.



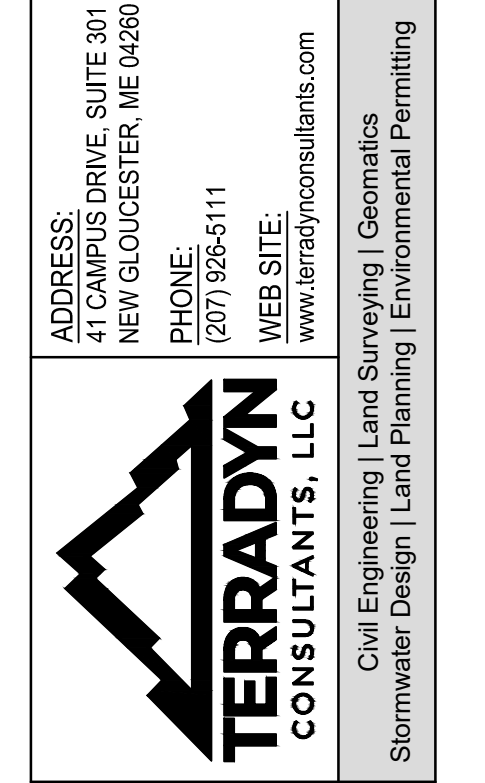
- CONSTRUCTION NOTES:**
- FULL CONTACT WITH THE GROUND IS CRITICAL TO PREVENT SHORT CIRCUITING UNDER THE TUBE - THE GROUND SURFACE SHOULD BE SMOOTH AND LEVEL. IN WOODED AREAS, PROTRUDING ROOTS AND DEBRIS MAY NEED TO BE REMOVED. IN GRASSED AREAS, THE GRASS NEEDS TO BE EITHER MOWED OR COMPRESSED DOWN.
 - STAKING MAY BE NECESSARY ON STEEP SLOPES.
 - INSTALL SEDIMENT BARRIER ALONG THE CONTOUR WITH THE ENDS TURNED UP SLOPE.
 - UPON FINAL STABILIZATION, THE TUBE CAN BE CUT OPEN AND THE MATERIAL SPREAD OUT ONTO THE GROUND. THE MESH MATERIAL SHOULD BE REMOVED.



DATE: 8/5/2024

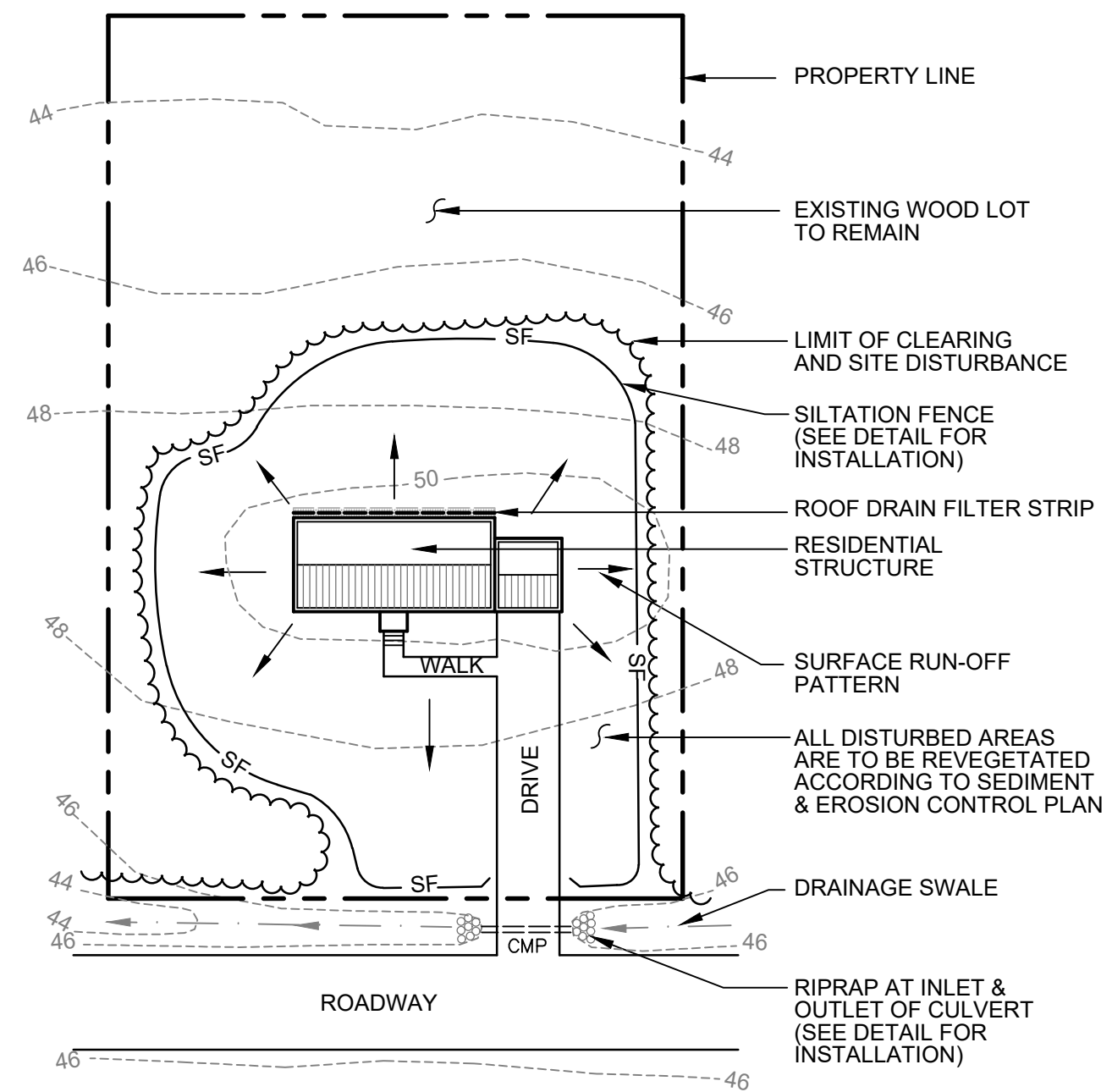
NO.	REVISIONS PER CITY STAFF COMMENTS	DATE
1		08-05-2024

ADDRESS: 41 CAMPUS DRIVE, SUITE 301
ALBURN, MAINE 04280
PHONE: (207) 926-5111
WEB SITE: www.terradyn.com



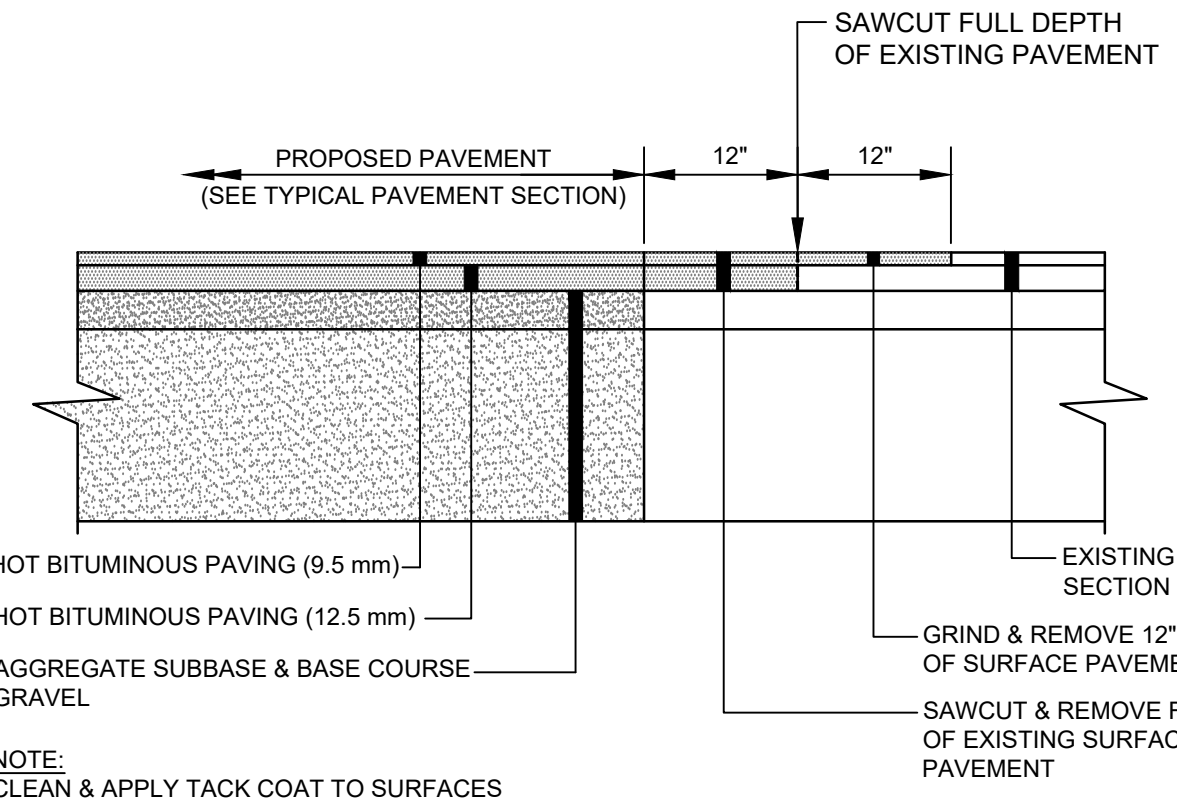
PERMIT DRAWING
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

PROJECT:	BROAD STREET FARMS
SHEET TITLE:	EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
CLIENT:	ANDREW HAGERTY
DATE:	7/2/2024
SCALE:	AS SHOWN
JOB NO.:	24-34
SHEET:	C-3.0

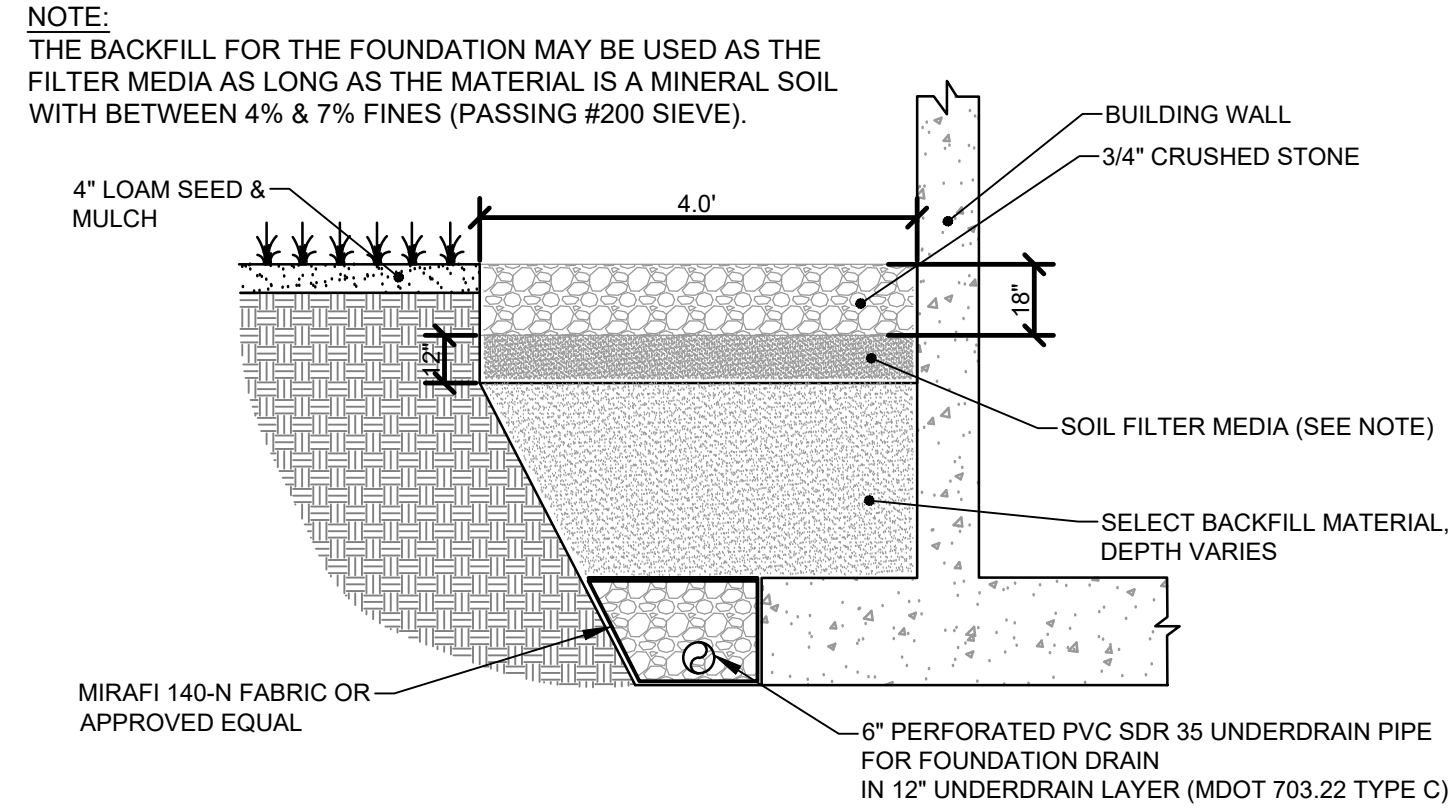


Inspection Notes for Lot Grading and Driveway location
 Inspections by a professional engineer shall consist of a visit to the site prior to construction to consult with the earthwork contractor and a post construction meeting to confirm grading on lots and for all driveways to ensure runoff is directed according to plans and to oversee the re-stabilization of the lot into a vegetated cover.

TYPICAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES FOR DWELLING UNITS
 NOT TO SCALE

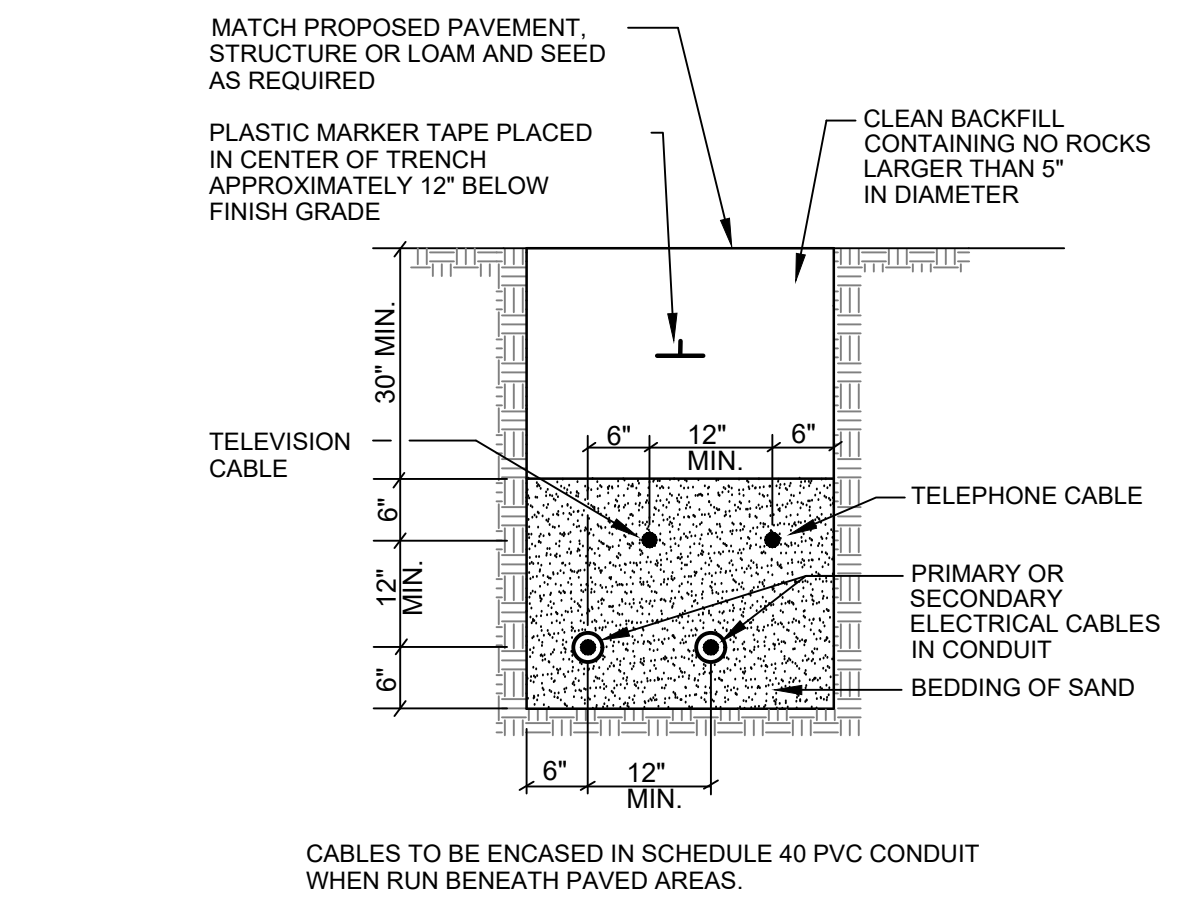


TYPICAL PAVEMENT JOINT
 NOT TO SCALE

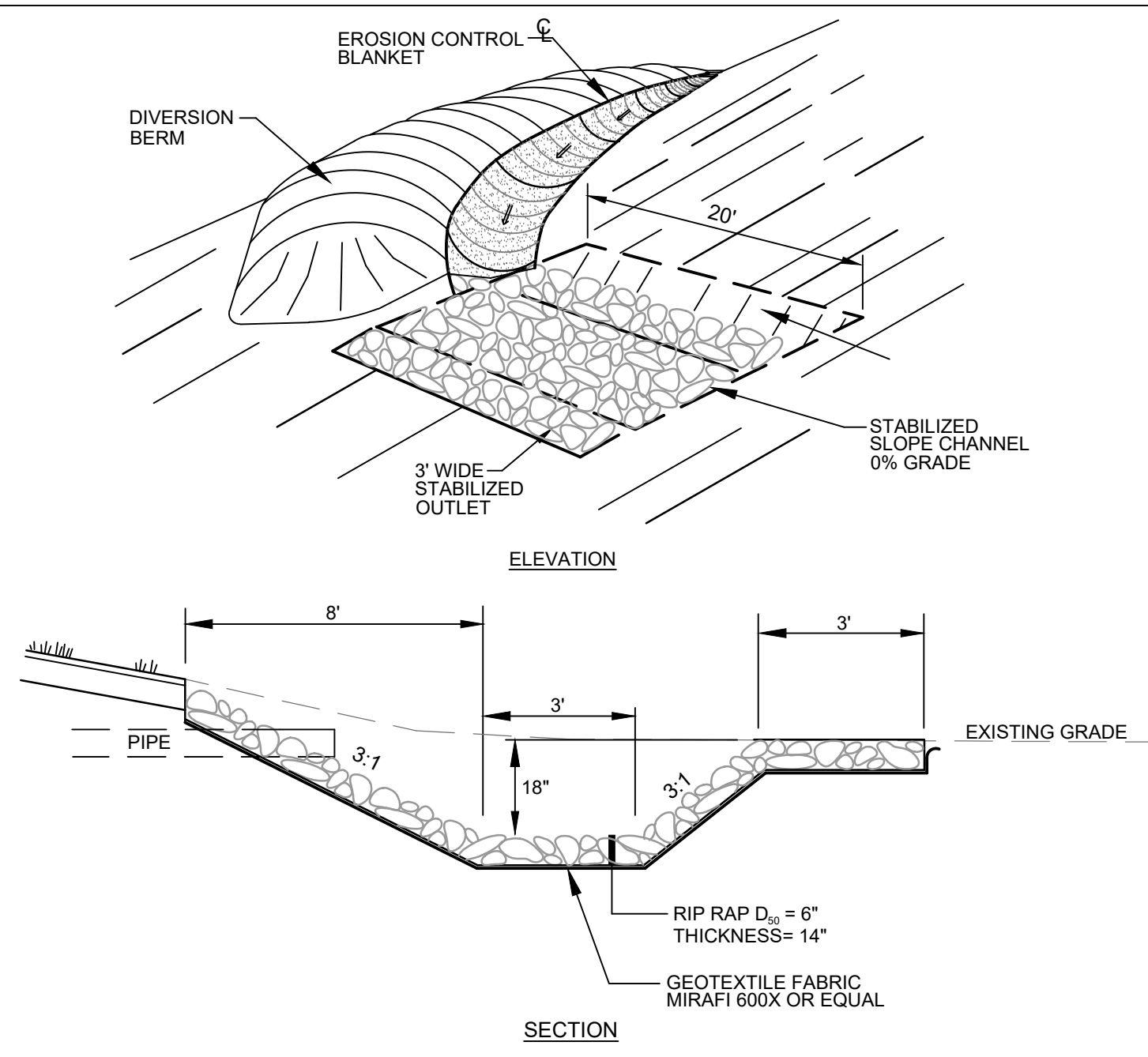


CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION NOTES:
 Inspections by a professional engineer shall consist of weekly visits to the site to inspect each the roof drip edge filter's underdrain construction, filter material placement, and overflow from initial ground disturbance to final stabilization of the filter.

ROOF DRIPLINE FILTER BED
 NOT TO SCALE



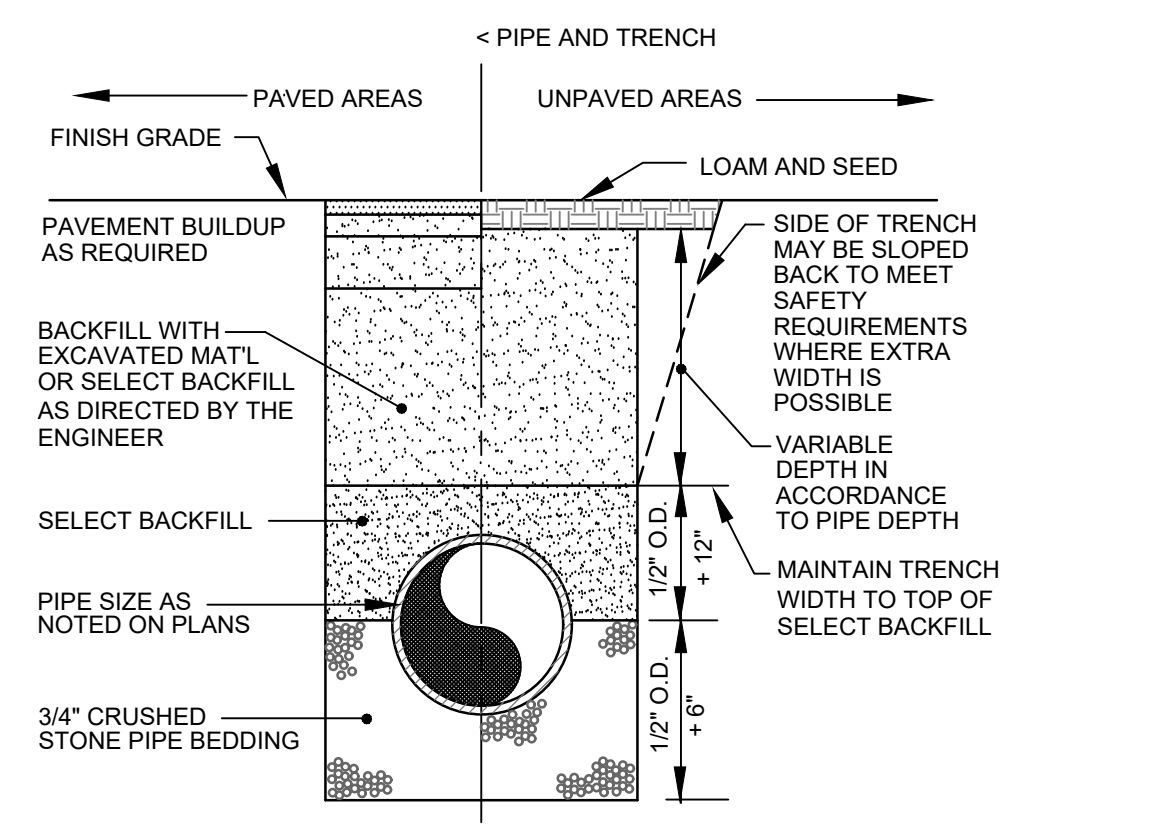
TYPICAL UNDERGROUND CABLE INSTALLATION
 NOT TO SCALE



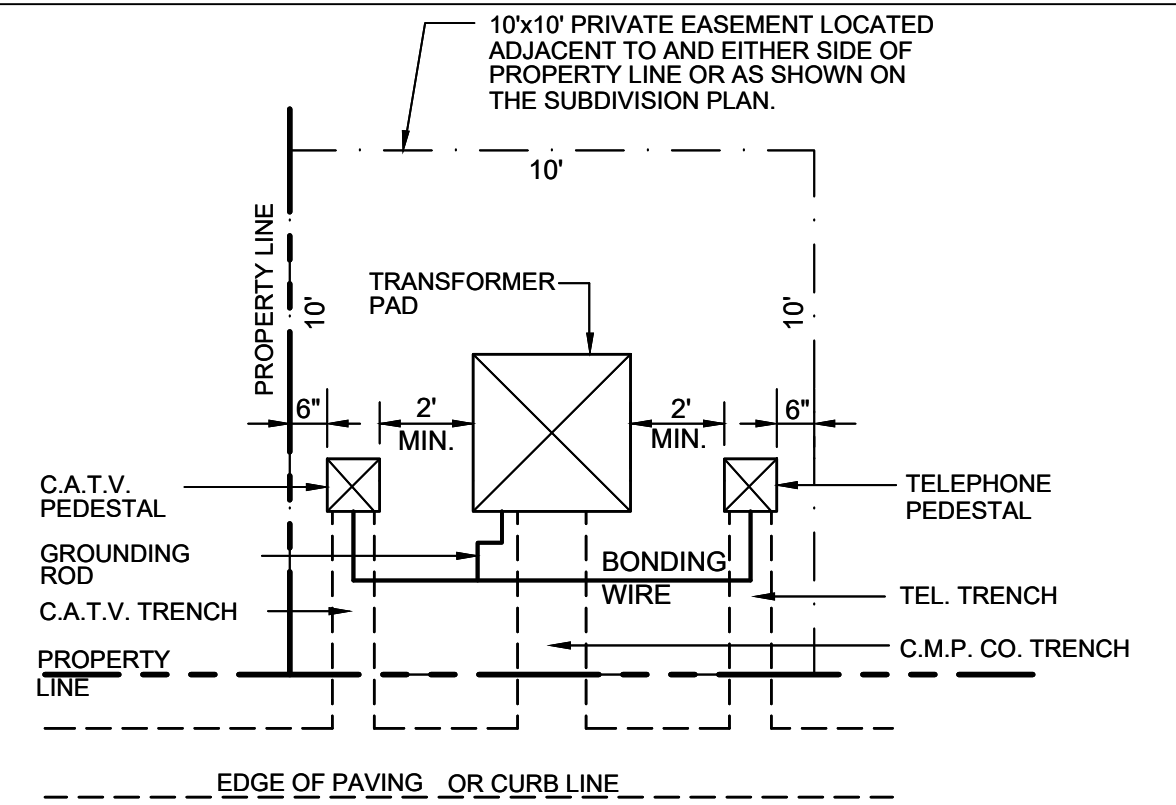
CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS:

1. CONSTRUCT THE LEVEL SPREADER LIP ON A ZERO PERCENT GRADE TO ENSURE UNIFORM SPREADING OF RUNOFF.
2. LEVEL SPREADER SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED ON UNDISTURBED SOIL - NOT ON FILL MATERIAL.
3. DIVERSION BERM SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF COMMON BORROW MATERIAL MEETING M.D.O.T. SPEC 703.18. MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN 12" LIFTS AND COMPACTED TO 90% MAX. DRY DENSITY.
4. THE ENTRANCE CHANNEL TO THE LEVEL SPREADER SHALL NOT EXCEED A ONE PERCENT GRADE AT LEAST 20 FEET BEFORE ENTERING INTO THE SPREADER.
5. THE FLOW FROM THE LEVEL SPREADER SHALL OUTLET ONTO STABILIZED AREAS. WATER SHOULD NOT RECONCENTRATE IMMEDIATELY BELOW THE SPREADER.
6. PERIODIC INSPECTION AND REQUIRED MAINTENANCE SHALL BE PERFORMED.

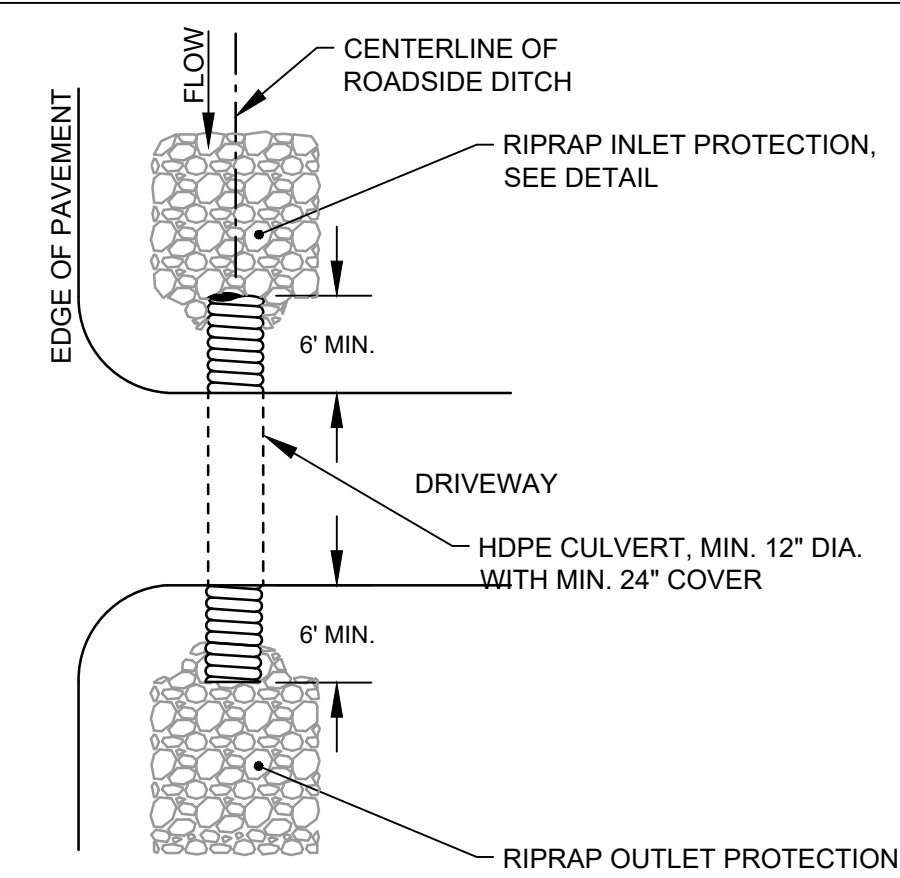
DITCH TURNOUT/ LEVEL SPREADER
 NOT TO SCALE



TYPICAL TRENCH SECTION
 NOT TO SCALE

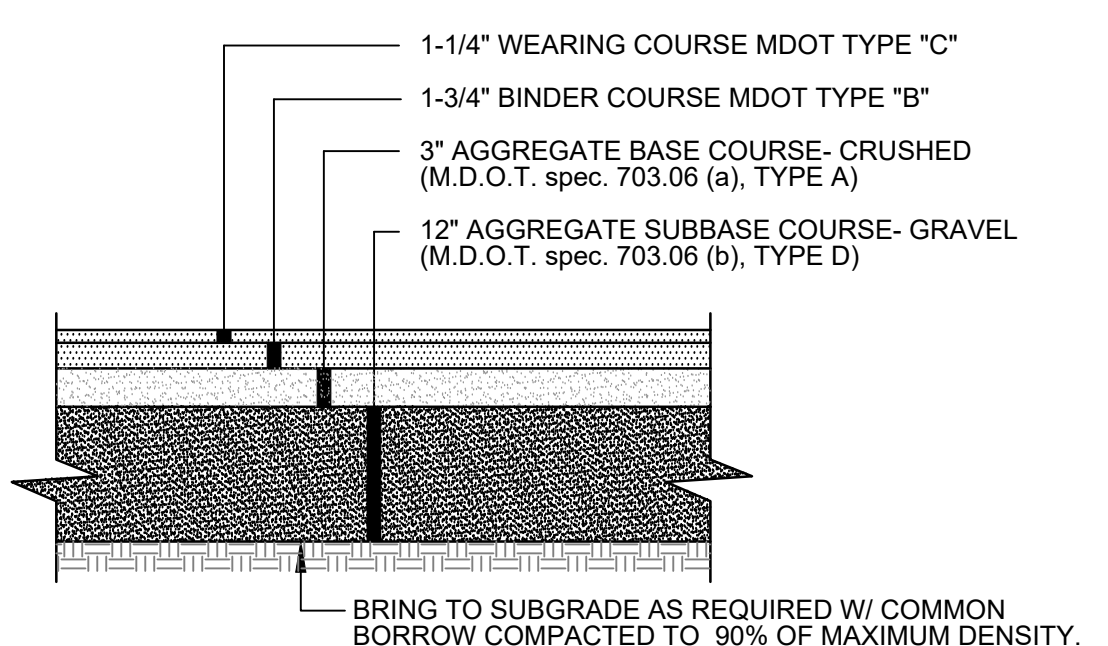


TRANSFORMER DETAIL
 NOT TO SCALE

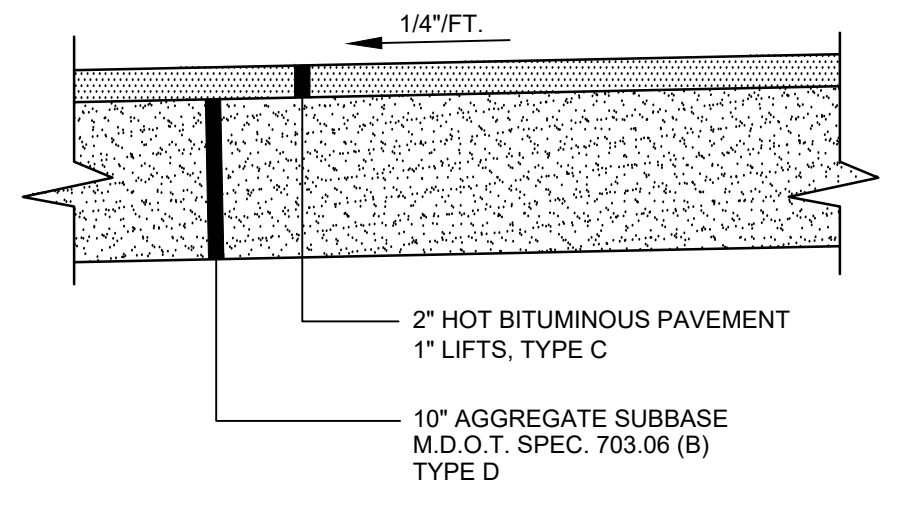


NOTE: DRIVEWAY CULVERTS TO BE INSTALLED WITH A MINIMUM COVER OF 24". ADJUST DITCH GRADING IF NECESSARY

DRIVEWAY CULVERT
 NOT TO SCALE



TYP. DRIVEWAY PAVEMENT SECTION
 NOT TO SCALE



BITUMINOUS SIDEWALK
 NOT TO SCALE

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

1. ALL WORK SHALL CONFORM TO THE APPLICABLE CODES AND ORDINANCES.
2. CONTRACTOR SHALL VISIT THE SITE AND FAMILIARIZE HIM OR HERSELF WITH ALL CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE PROPOSED WORK AND SHALL MAKE PROVISIONS AS TO THE COST THEREOF. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR FAMILIARIZING HIM OR HERSELF WITH ALL CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, FIELD CONDITIONS AND DIMENSIONS AND CONFIRMING THAT THE WORK MAY BE ACCOMPLISHED AS SHOWN PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION. ANY DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF WORK.
3. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY ENGINEER OF ALL PRODUCTS OR ITEMS NOTED AS "EXISTING" WHICH ARE NOT FOUND IN THE FIELD.
4. INSTALL ALL EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS AND OWNER'S REQUIREMENTS UNLESS SPECIFICALLY OTHERWISE INDICATED OR WHERE LOCAL CODES OR REGULATIONS TAKE PRECEDENCE.
5. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE FIELD PRIOR TO FABRICATION AND ERECTION OF ANY MATERIAL. ANY UNUSUAL CONDITIONS SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ENGINEER.
6. CONTRACTOR SHALL CLEAN AND REMOVE DEBRIS AND SEDIMENT DEPOSITED ON PUBLIC STREETS, SIDEWALKS, ADJACENT AREAS, OR OTHER PUBLIC WAYS DUE TO CONSTRUCTION.
7. CONTRACTOR SHALL INCORPORATE PROVISIONS AS NECESSARY IN CONSTRUCTION TO PROTECT EXISTING STRUCTURES, PHYSICAL FEATURES, AND MAINTAIN SITE STABILITY DURING CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR SHALL RESTORE ALL AREAS TO ORIGINAL CONDITION AND AS DIRECTED BY DESIGN DRAWINGS.
8. SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ALL REQUIRED PERMITS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
9. ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH "MAINE EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL HANDBOOK FOR CONSTRUCTION: BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES" PUBLISHED BY THE CUMBERLAND COUNTY SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION, MARCH 2016 OR LATEST EDITION. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO POSSESS A COPY OF THE EROSION CONTROL PLAN AT ALL TIMES.
10. THE CONTRACTOR IS HEREBY CAUTIONED THAT ALL SITE FEATURES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED ON FIELD OBSERVATIONS BY THE SURVEYOR AND BY INFORMATION PROVIDED BY UTILITY COMPANIES. THE INFORMATION IS NOT TO BE RELIED ON AS BEING EXACT OR COMPLETE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT DIG SAFE (1-888-DIGSAFE) AT LEAST THREE (3) BUT NOT MORE THAN THIRTY (30) DAYS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF EXCAVATION OR DEMOLITION TO VERIFY HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL LOCATION OF ALL UTILITIES.
11. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE AWARE THAT DIG SAFE ONLY NOTIFIES ITS "MEMBER" UTILITIES ABOUT THE DIG. WHEN NOTIFIED, DIG SAFE WILL ADVISE CONTRACTOR OF MEMBER UTILITIES IN THE AREA. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR IDENTIFYING AND CONTACTING NON-MEMBER UTILITIES DIRECTLY. NON-MEMBER UTILITIES MAY INCLUDE TOWN OR CITY WATER AND SEWER DISTRICTS AND SMALL LOCAL UTILITIES, AS WELL AS USG PUBLIC WORKS SYSTEMS.
12. CONTRACTORS SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF 23 M.R.S.A. 3360-A. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH THE APPROPRIATE UTILITIES TO OBTAIN AUTHORIZATION PRIOR TO RELOCATION OF ANY EXISTING UTILITIES WHICH CONFLICT WITH THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS. IF A UTILITY CONFLICT ARISES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE OWNER, THE MUNICIPALITY AND APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANY PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH ANY RELOCATION.
13. ALL PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND DIRECTIONAL SIGNAGE SHOWN ON THE PLAN SHALL CONFORM TO THE MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD) STANDARDS.
14. ALL PAVEMENT JOINTS SHALL BE SAWCUT PRIOR TO PAVING TO PROVIDE A DURABLE AND UNIFORM JOINT.
15. NO HOLES, TRENCHES OR STRUCTURES SHALL BE LEFT OPEN OVERNIGHT IN ANY EXCAVATION ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC OR IN PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY.
16. ALL WORK WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL REQUIRE A M.D.O.T. PERMIT AS WELL AS PERMITS FROM THE TOWN AS APPLICABLE.
17. THE PROPOSED LIMITS OF CLEARING SHOWN HEREON ARE APPROXIMATE BASED UPON THE PROPOSED LIMITS OF SITE GRADING. THE APPLICANT RESERVES THE RIGHT TO PERFORM NORMAL FOREST MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES OUTSIDE OF THE CLEARING LIMIT AS SHOWN. TREE REMOVAL OUTSIDE OF THE LIMITS OF CLEARING MAY BE NECESSARY TO REMOVE DEAD OR DYING TREES OR TREE LIMBS. THIS REMOVAL IS DUE TO POTENTIAL SAFETY HAZARDS AND TO PROMOTE PROPER FOREST GROWTH.
18. IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF CUTS/FILLS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STABILIZE DISTURBED AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND AS SPECIFIED ON PLANS.
19. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FULLY AND SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL, REPLACEMENT AND RECTIFICATION OF ALL DAMAGED AND DEFECTIVE MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP IN CONNECTION WITH THE CONTRACT WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REPLACE OR REPAIR AS DIRECTED BY THE OWNER ALL SUCH DAMAGED OR DEFECTIVE MATERIALS WHICH APPEAR WITHIN A PERIOD OF ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION.
20. ALL WORK PERFORMED BY THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND/OR TRADE SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF LOCAL, STATE OR FEDERAL LAWS, AS WELL AS ANY OTHER GOVERNING REQUIREMENTS, WHETHER OR NOT SPECIFIED ON THE DRAWINGS.
21. WHERE THE TERMS "APPROVED EQUAL", "OTHER APPROVED", "EQUAL TO", "ACCEPTABLE" OR OTHER GENERAL QUALIFYING TERMS ARE USED IN THESE NOTES, IT SHALL BE UNDERSTOOD THAT REFERENCE IS MADE TO THE RULING AND JUDGMENT OF TERRADYN CONSULTANTS, LLC.
22. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ALL NECESSARY PROTECTION FOR THE WORK UNTIL TURNED OVER TO THE OWNER.
23. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN A CURRENT AND COMPLETE SET OF CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS ON SITE DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION FOR USE OF ALL TRADES.
24. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY CHANGES AND DEVIATION OF APPROVED PLANS NOT AUTHORIZED BY THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER AND/OR CLIENT/OWNER.
25. DETAILS ARE INTENDED TO SHOW END RESULT OF DESIGN. ANY MODIFICATION TO SUIT FIELD DIMENSION AND CONDITION SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL PRIOR TO ANY WORK.
26. BEFORE THE FINAL ACCEPTANCE OF THE PROJECT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS, REPAIR OR REPLACE PRIVATE OR PUBLIC PROPERTY WHICH MAY HAVE BEEN DAMAGED OR DESTROYED DURING CONSTRUCTION, CLEAN THE AREAS WITHIN AND ADJACENT TO THE PROJECT WHICH HAVE BEEN OBSTRUCTED BY HIS/HER OPERATIONS, AND LEAVE THE PROJECT AREA NEAT AND PRESENTABLE.

DATE: 8/5/2024

NO.	DATE	REVISIONS PER CITY STAFF COMMENTS
1	08-05-2024	REVISIONS

PROJECT: BROAD STREET FARMS
 ALBURN, MAINE

SHEET TITLE: SITE DETAILS

CLIENT: ANDREW HAGERTY
 108 MIDDLE ROAD
 FALMOUTH, MAINE 04105

PERMIT DRAWING
 NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

DATE: 7/2/2024
 SCALE: AS SHOWN
 JOB NO: 24-34
 SHEET: C-3.1

ADDRESS: 41 CAMPUS DRIVE, SUITE 301, NEW GLOUCESTER, ME 04260
 PHONE: (207) 926-5111
 WEB SITE: www.terraDyn.com
 TerraDyn Consultants, LLC
 Civil Engineering | Land Surveying | Geomatics
 Stormwater Design | Land Planning | Environmental Permitting